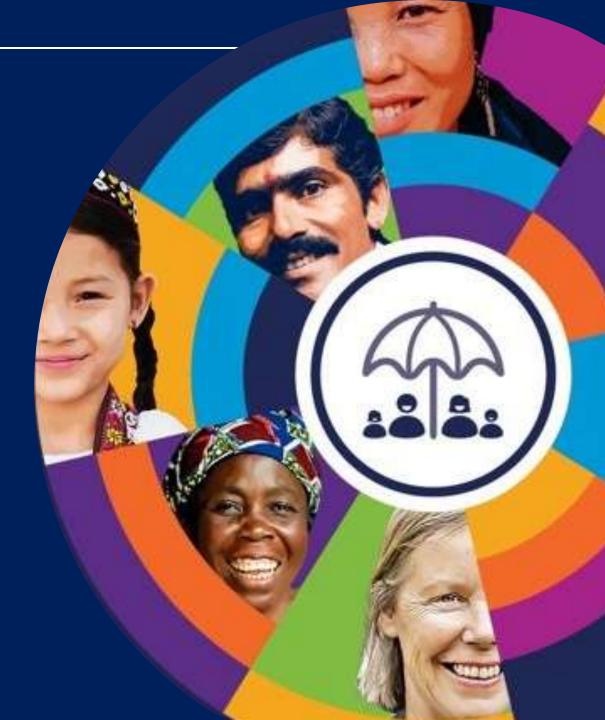
WHO's role in assisting African nations implement the Children's Amendment

Prepared for the Webinar by the Africa Institute: The Children's Amendment to the Minamata Convention

Gabriela Sardon WHO Oral Health Programme

8 April 2025





Global Strategy and Action Plan on Oral Health 2023-2030

(GOHAP)



One Vision

Universal Health Coverage for oral health
for all individuals and communities by 2030



11 global oral health targets, 6 Strategic Objectives and 100 actions

for Member States, the WHO Secretariat, international partners, civil society organizations and the private sector





Global Strategy and Action Plan on Oral Health 2023-2030

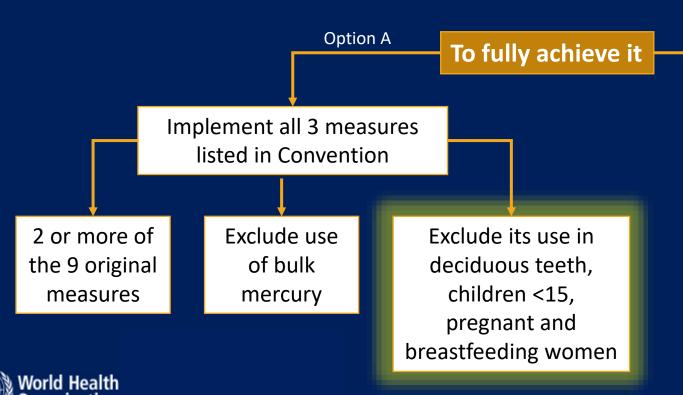
(GOHAP)



Option B

Phase out dental

amalgam





Tracking progress on the implementation of the GOHAP

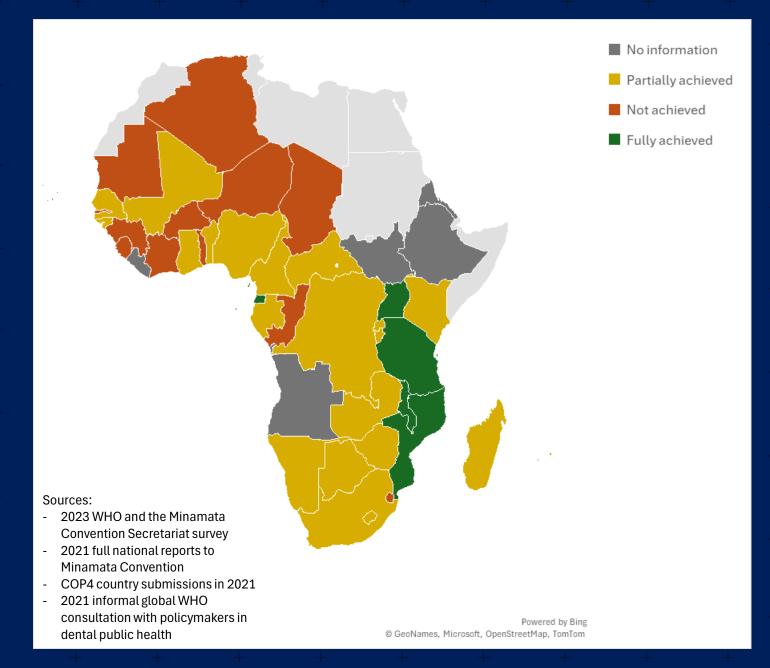


Link: https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/9789240106031



WHO African Region: Progress towards GOHAP target 1.2.

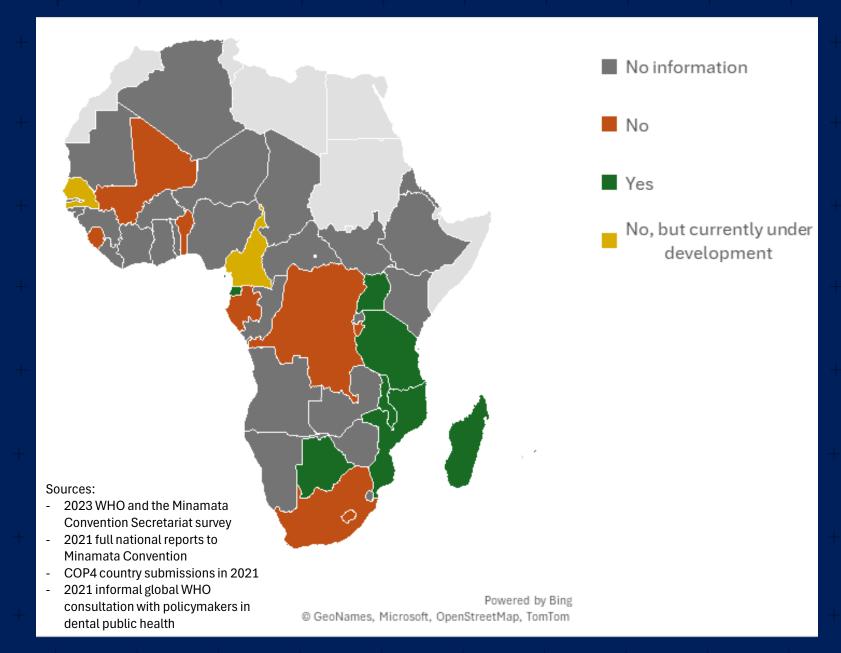
"By 2030, 90% of countries have implemented measures to phase down the use of dental amalgam as stipulated in the Minamata Convention on Mercury or have phased it out"





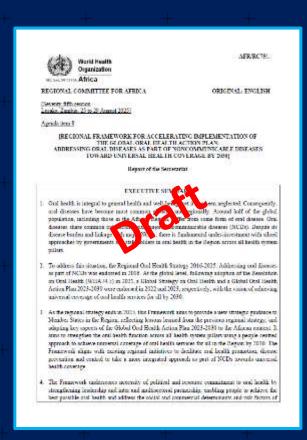
WHO African Region: Progress towards GOHAP target 1.2.

"excluded or not allowed, by taking measures as appropriate, or recommended against the use of dental amalgam for the dental treatment of deciduous teeth, of patients under 15 years and of pregnant and breastfeeding women, except when considered necessary by the dental practitioner based on the needs of the patient"





WHO African Regional Framework on Acceleration Implementation of the GOHAP





The framework aims to provide a new strategic guidance to Member States in the Region, reflecting lessons learned from the previous regional strategy, and adapting key aspects of the Global Oral Health Action Plan 2023-2030 to the African context.

The guiding principle: Environmentally sound oral health interventions

Prioritize environmentally sustainable oral health interventions, including the use of sustainable products, improved waste management, reduced carbon emission, and phasing down the use of dental amalgam in alignment with the Minamata Convention on Mercury, regional climate, and planetary health goals.

Recommended actions for Member States: Promote environmentally friendly oral health service provision

Transition from a treatment-focused approach to a model emphasizing promotion, prevention, and minimal intervention to reduce the environmental burden of oral health care. This includes reducing single-use plastics and accelerating the phase-down the use of dental amalgam, thereby minimizing its environmental and health impact.

WHO cost-effective interventions / best buys to prevent and control oral diseases



Population-wide mass media campaign to promote the use of toothpaste with a fluoride concentration of 1000–1500 ppm



Silver diamine fluoride for preventing and arresting dental caries and its progression



Glass ionomer cement after removal of decayed tooth tissue using hand instruments



Early detection programme of oral cancer including targeted screening programme for high-risk groups in selected settings



Taxation on sugar-sweetened beverages as part of fiscal policies for healthy diets



WHO Model List of Essential Medicines for Children - 2023

The selection and use of essential medicines 2023

Web Annex B

World Health Organization Model List of Essential Medicines for Children

> 9th list (2023)



Link: https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/WHO-MHP-HPS-EML-2023.03

Includes dental medicines and preparations

Fluoride

Glass ionomer cement

Resin-based composite (low viscosity)

Resin-based composite (high viscosity)

Silver diamine fluoride



GEF7 Phasing Down Dental Amalgam project



Project objective

To protect human health and the environment from harmful effects of mercury through implementation of policies and improved practices to phase down the use of dental amalgams





Timeline: March 2023 – February 2026



Multisectoral collaboration between Ministry of Health and Ministry of Environment in project countries



Co-financing partners include FDI, IADR, civil society (2), academia (3), and private sector (7)









Technical guidance on environmentally friendly and less invasive oral health care

Overall aim of the technical guidance

This technical guidance describes current knowledge and provides orientations on the safe, less invasive and environmentally-friendly oral health care for the prevention and management of dental caries. It aligns with the Minamata Convention, which calls for the reduction and, where feasible, elimination of mercury pollution worldwide.





Thank you

There is no health without oral health!

For more information, please contact:

Oral Health Programme

oralhealth@who.int



